

THE PALATKA NEWS AND ADVERTISER

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Wm. A. RUSSELL, Editor

THE BOY AND CIGARETTE

Every little while we read of men dying at advanced age after having used tobacco all their lives. But it should be remembered that they didn't smoke modern cigarettes in their youth. It cannot be denied that hundreds of well, hearty, good men live to a ripe age and smoke. But no boy can smoke cigarettes or cigars while he is developing and not be injured mentally, morally and physically.

Many men are handicapped when talking to their sons about smoking by the fact that they like a good cigar themselves. Of course the extremist says immediately, "Let the father give up his pernicious habit and be an example to his son." It is this extreme method which blocks many a reform.

One of the best men living, who illustrates the Golden Rule daily in his home and business life, smokes good cigars. When his young nephew was found with a cigarette the man said: "I want you to give up that habit, my boy." The boy replied: "But you smoke." "Yes," responded the man, "and you may if you want to after you reach 21. You are 10 now, and not at all robust. You cannot grow and smoke at the same time. In some way nature will be thwarted. Wait until you are 21, and then I will present you with a gift worth your waiting for. If at that time you still desire to smoke I will buy you a box of cigars."

The boy was impressed by this moderate manner of reasoning, and made the agreement which he kept. He has passed his 21st year and smokes scarcely three cigars a week.

Many well-meaning women will assail violently this suggestion and declare that there should be no compromise made with vice. These well-meaning women would succeed in breaking one boy of the cigarette habit, where such methods as the uncle used would make a score of trustworthy converts.

If all the lads of the land could be carried over until 21 years of age without contracting the cigarette habit, the promise of a box of cigars at that age would be well given.

AVOID PANAMA.

Don't allow yourself to get the Panama fever. In common with thousands of young Americans, you have, no doubt, been touched by the romance of Panama. You have thought that it would be fine to visit a strange country, to become connected with a great enterprise and to carry away a salary two or three times as large as you could earn at home.

There are not many good jobs at Panama. The government, in the classified service, had use for engineers, clerks, foremen-engineers (to a limited extent), and has offered good salaries.

But the supply has vastly exceeded the demand—so much so that no more applications will be received. So save stamps and paper and make up your mind to stay at home.

There is another side to it. Several thousand men will find work on the big ditch for a number of years. Their work will be unskilled and hard. It will call for men of a race that can live perpetually and do hard work in a hot country. And that means that the supply of muscle will be largely drafted from the South or Central American States.

Keep away from Panama. It is not heartful there. All that can be done, and all that will be done, in a sanitary way will leave some danger for men with white skins. And many of them will return home in long pine boxes.

If you have any kind of a position that affords a living get the Panama idea out of your head.

POISON IN BOOZE.

It has been authoritatively stated that the chemist of the South Dakota food commission extracted enough cool tar dye from a bottle of port wine taken from an original package, in presence of members of the legislature, to die a brilliant wine color nine square feet of heavy woolen cloth.

Dr. Wiley, chief of the agricultural department bureau of chemistry, says that 85 per cent of the whisky sold over the bar in this country is adulterated. In a dozen cities the discovery has been made that whisky is dangerously adulterated with wood alcohol.

But who is alarmed by these portentous facts? Certainly not those who drink the stuff.

He who ignores the far more deadly dangers of pure whisky is not going to shy at a little common poison. He who will risk his own strength of mind and character and the happiness and hope of those nearest and dearest to him will not be scared out by a little physical danger.

The wrongs done the world by adulterated whisky may be many, but they are not to be compared with

the wrongs done in the world by whisky that is pure. A few graves may be filled by the one, but by the other are filled the prisons, poor-houses, hospitals and insane asylums for generations after generations.

Of the two the adulterated is the safest. It is the quickest in its action and most merciful. It kills but one at a time, not whole families, and it does not damn generations unborn.

The army sideboard outcaneers the canteen.

It must be as much as four or five days since a murder has been committed in Duval county.

One of the things that seriously interferes with municipal ownership of public utilities in this country is the lack of ownership of municipalities by the people.

The "Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints," which is the legal title of the Mormons, has gotten a foothold in Jacksonville and will build a church house. This church, it is said, offers some strong inducements to prospective members.

The graft idea has evidently not gotten into perfect working order in the new Republic of Cuba. The treasury of the island shows a balance of cash for the fiscal year ending June 30th of \$2,340,307. What a field the island would make for a real up-to-date American "business governor."

According to the associated press dispatches, his glibness, the Sultan of Sulu, has offered his hand in marriage to Miss Alice Roosevelt, who is a member of the Taft party now visiting the crowned heads of our outlying Philippine possessions. With the offer of this ring-nosed baboon went the further inducement that she should be Sultana of the Sulu archipelago.

Official correspondence has been made public from Tallahassee designed to furnish reasons for the increased tax levy for the ensuing year. They are all wrong. The real reason why Gov. Jennings reduced the levy for general revenue to one-half of one mill for last year was that he had designs on the U. S. Senate and stood in need of a "business excuse" for his ambition. The governor did some dancing in those days, leaving the fiddler's bill for the people to pay. We will pay the first installment this winter.

The Dry Election and Taxes.

Among the arguments used by the liquor men against voting down the saloons in Putnam county, great stress is laid on the loss of revenue the county will sustain. This argument at first sight would seem to be well founded. Anything that tends to lessen revenue, necessarily increases taxes unless it can be shown that it lessens the cost of government at the same time in proportion to the loss sustained.

In Putnam county there are six saloons. They pay in licenses an aggregate of \$6,000 a year, of which one fourth, \$1,500, goes into the county treasury, this amount, \$1,500, according to the saloon people, is lost to the county and must be made up by the taxpayers. Now if we cannot show that the expenses of the county are reduced at least by the amount of \$1,500, then the liquor men have the best of the argument.

Seven-tenths of all the crimes prosecuted in Putnam county are traceable directly to drunkards for which the barrooms are responsible. If we estimate the total cost of all crimes prosecuted in the county at \$3,000, a year then seven-tenths of this amount, or \$2,100, represents what it costs the county to prosecute the crimes for which the saloons alone are responsible, which is \$600 more than they pay into the county in licenses. This amount has to be made up by the taxpayers, and helps to run up taxes to their present figures. If we estimate the cost of criminal prosecutions at more or less than \$3,000 a year, the same rates will hold good and the result will be the same, except the saving in favor of the "dry" side of the argument will be greater or less as the actual cost of criminal prosecutions is greater or less.

These facts and figures are drawn from the experience and records of the counties that have already gone dry, and may be verified by investigating the same.

M. I. COKE.

Capt. W. J. Jarvis formerly of St. Augustine, and at one time general freight agent of the old St. Augustine and Tocon railroad, is dead at Cuthbert, Ga., aged 67 years.

Sam and Eli Simmons, father and son, of Whitehouse station, Duval county, were shot and killed from ambush on Friday last by Thos. Hiler, a young man of the same place. Hiler is in jail.

Bessie Dame, attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Dame, 115 Dora street, Jacksonville, has disappeared from home. She is 19 years of age. The parents can assign no reason for her disappearance. Her home life, they say, was happy, and she had no known love affair.

An examination of applicants for state primary and special teachers certificates has been ordered by State Superintendent Holloway to be held at Gainesville, beginning on Wednesday, Aug. 30th, at 9 o'clock a. m. All persons desiring to apply for any one of these grades of certificates are required to be on hand on the date mentioned.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State before said, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY, Secy.

Secured to before me and subscribed to in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
A. W. GLASSON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, Patent Medicine Vendors, and Dealers in Family Groceries.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

Edited by Palatka Union.

HOW THE TEMPERANCE FIGHT WILL END.

(Extracts from a sermon by Rev. J. F. Cowan, Boston.)

We do not agree with our friend, the pessimistic croaker, that the saloon is here to stay, any more than we believe that the man who writes Dickens pictures so graphically in his "American Notes," was here to stay. We have cleaned up our swamps, and we can clean up our licensed death traps. Scientists do not believe that consumption is here to stay.

Fraternals orders that pay death benefits are naturally anxious to defer the death of their members as long as possible. Sixty four of the chief beneficiary societies in America exclude saloon keepers and bartenders from membership, and thereby save themselves the trouble of organizing of any size that has not placed some ban upon intemperance. Two admit only total abstainers. It excludes habitual users, 13 pay no benefits in case of alcoholic excesses, 11 exclude drunkards. This prohibition is believed that alcohol and death and pain go together.

Army hospital statistics prove the same thing. Geo. White, governor of Gibraltar, tabulates such statistics in the Westminster Gazette. Out of 1,000 abstainers there were 48 hospital cases; out of 1,000 non-abstainers, 92 cases.

Never before were so many hard and irrefragable facts driven home upon the public mind, convicting alcohol with the loss of battles, the loss of markets to manufacturers whose workmen are lost by the wrecking of trains, the breakage of machinery and the deterioration of the race.

In Paris they fed puppies on alcohol to dwarf them. In England they have been doing that to their men, as the investigations into the South African war have revealed.

The sledge-hammer facts are beginning to tell. Ernest Crosby, son of the late A. J. Gordon, D. D. says, "anti-alcoholism has fairly become the fashion (speaking of Europe) where he has made a special study of conditions in the saloons, and the propaganda of such men as Kraepelin, Legrain, Serieux, Legrand and others."

Perhaps not every one is ready for Mrs. Mary H. Hunt's prediction that in 1888 the last saloon will leave Texas in the last and last battle, the distillery will be banished from Ohio; in 1916 the fire will die out under the last distillery in Illinois; in 1919 the liquor business will end in Pennsylvania; in 1920 the rum traffic will cease in New York state; and in 1925 by vote of the people the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors will be abolished in the United States.

A few years more or less will not matter; it is coming, as sure as fate. What, with the quantity of liquor consumed increasing every year? Yes, and because the increased quantity consumed per capita is arousing thoughtful people to prevent the worst kind of race suicide that threatens us.

Do you expect to reform all the drunkards? No; "let him that is filthy be filthy still." But the perfect human society drunkards will be quarantined as smallpox is.

This is a winning fight that we are waging against the drink traffic.

IN SOUTH CAROLINA, a dozen or more counties are in open revolt against the dispensaries. Tillman's dispensary scheme, after thirteen years of history, finds itself in such an intolerable mesh of scandal and corruption and the whole institution is such a national disgrace that a legislative committee is now trying to get at the bottom of it.

While he is rejecting regarding the failure of Prohibition and the multitude of speak-easies in Maine, he sees staring him in the face, according to the records of the internal revenue department, about three as many speak-easies in his own state as there are dispensaries. And more than that, nine-tenths of these speak-easies are in South Carolina towns and cities that also have these wonderful Tillman dispensaries.

In the Prohibition districts there are no dispensaries, there are practically no speak-easies. There is one gleam of hope for the distinguished Senator. He declares: "If the dispensary is abolished, I will stump the state for Prohibition rather than see high license."

As a matter of fact, under the new constitution adopted in 1895, South Carolina is limited to either the dispensary or Prohibition.

TWILL KILL A CAT.

Years ago a physician soaked in a little water enough tobacco to make a cigarette, and then injected the tobacco juice under the skin of a large cat, and in 20 minutes it died in convulsions.

What will kill a big cat so quickly cannot be good for a boy.

Ada, Okla., July 11.—Twelve miles from here is what is known as the "Corner Saloon," a licensed grogshop that has been the great source of crime and disorder in these parts for years. Of late these troubles have been intolerable. Yesterday the citizens of this place drew up a petition asking the governor of the territory to take steps to have this licensed liquor shop abolished. The petition, which recites a list of major crimes caused by this place, is a striking exhibit of what mischief can be done by one licensed grogshop, and closes with an itemized list of the crimes—16 assaults, to kill and 10 murders—"that are directly traceable to said saloon; said cases appearing on the U. S. Commissioner's docket at this place."

Did the world come up to your truth, it would make your truth down to the world's level.—Ann Shaw.

No sound scientific argument can be offered for the medical use of alcohol, either internally or externally. It is a toxic substance which ought to be retired from the materia medica, and placed in the catalogue of obsolete drugs along with tobacco, lobelia, and like useless but highly toxic drug substances.—Dr. J. H. Kellogg, Sup't. Battle Creek Sanitarium.

"He commits suicide by shooting himself in the mouth with a cigar and blows his brains out in smoke"—Judge Ellison of Michigan.

For the first time in the history of Boise, Idaho, the saloons closed at midnight on July 8, and for the first time on Sunday they remained closed on July 9, when the new ordinance went into effect.

The waste of money by the legalized liquor traffic costs ten times more than all our state and national government expenses, and as statistics show, gives us fully three-fourths of all our murders and criminals.

When I see a snake's head coming out of a hole, I don't stop to argue with that snake. I just hit it with all my might. Don't argue with the liquor traffic.—Artemus Ward.

AN ORDINANCE

To provide for the building of lateral sewers from the main sewers that have been or may be hereafter laid by the City of Palatka along the streets of said city to the lots or pieces of land abutting thereon; to provide for liens in favor of said city against such lots or pieces of land to which same may be built; to provide for the payment thereof and to provide a penalty for default in such payment.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Palatka: Section 1. That the City of Palatka, a municipal corporation under the laws of the State of Florida, shall contract for and have built and constructed lateral sewers from the main sewers that have been or may hereafter be laid by said city along the streets of said city to the lots or pieces of land abutting thereon.

SECTION 2. That the owner or owners of any lot or piece of land to which said city may build or construct a lateral sewer or sewers, shall be liable to the City of Palatka for the cost of such construction and said city shall have a lien on such lot or piece of land for the cost of the construction of such lateral sewer or sewers, which shall be superior in dignity to all other liens, and it shall be the duty of such owner to pay to the City of Palatka, as soon as such lateral sewer or sewers shall have been constructed, the entire cost of such construction of such sewer, and if he fails to pay therefor; and should there be a failure on the part of such owner to pay same, for a period of three months, then and in that event, such owner shall pay to said city interest on the amount due at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum from the time same became due until cost of such construction, interest, cost and attorney's fees shall have been paid. The city may enforce such lien at any time after the debt becomes due, either at law or in chancery, and in the manner provided by law for the enforcement of liens; said city shall be entitled to have reasonable allowance for attorney's or solicitor's fees to be recovered in such suit; and said city shall have a lien for such cost of construction, interest, attorney's fees and costs of suit on the property aforesaid, which shall remain a subsisting lien until paid.

SECTION 3. The word or term "main sewer" shall be construed to mean and sewer as has been or may hereafter be laid by the said city or its authorities, along any street or running with such street, and shall include all sewers now under construction by said city.

The words or term "lateral sewer" shall be construed as to mean any sewer that may be connected with the main sewer.

When said city constructs or builds a lateral sewer from the main sewer to the curbing or boundary line of the street or to the sidewalk, same shall be considered and construed as having been constructed by the city, and the lot or piece of land abutting thereon and into which such lateral sewer would enter if extended.

SECTION 4. As soon as may be after the lateral sewers aforesaid shall have been completed by said city, a list thereof shall be kept by the city clerk and filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Putnam County, Florida, giving a description of the lot or piece of land to and for which each lateral sewer was built, and giving the name of the owner thereof, if known, and setting forth the amount of the cost of construction of such lateral sewer, and no other or further notice of such lien shall be necessary to give all persons interested therein due notice, and when such list shall have been made and filed, as aforesaid, same shall be notice to the world for any and all purposes.

SECTION 5. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Passed in open Council this August 1, 1905.

A. M. STEEN,
President City Council.

J. N. BLACKWELL,
City Clerk.

Approved August 1st, 1905.

ANTONIO USINA, Mayor.

AN ORDINANCE

To regulate the use of the streets in the City of Palatka by Railroad Companies and persons and firms doing a railroad or transportation business situated in the City of Palatka, and to provide a penalty for the violation of the provisions of this Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Palatka: Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any Railroad Company, person or firm doing a railroad or transportation business in the City of Palatka, or their agents, servants or employees, to place an engine, train, car or cars on a street crossing in the City of Palatka, and suffer, cause or permit same to remain on such street crossing longer than five minutes, except at their depots, and same is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 2. It shall be unlawful for any Railroad Company, person or firm doing a railroad or transportation business in the City of Palatka, or their agents, servants or employees, to place an engine, train, car or cars on a street crossing in the City of Palatka, and suffer, cause or permit same to remain on such street crossing longer than five minutes, except at their depots, and same is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 3. Whoever violates any provision or provisions, or any part of this Ordinance, shall be punished by a fine of not more than fifty dollars or ten days in the city jail, for each offense, or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Municipal Judge.

Passed in open Council this July 15th, 1905.

A. M. STEEN,
President City Council.

J. N. BLACKWELL,
City Clerk.

Approved July 15th, 1905.

A. USINA, Mayor.

Ed. A. Crawford of Midway, Gadsden county, assistant state auditor, died at Tallahassee on Tuesday. He was 51 years of age and leaves a wife and five children.

James Wall, the negro who shot and seriously wounded Policeman H. G. Tucker of Jacksonville on the night of June 20th, has been sentenced to 20 years in the penitentiary.

Last Friday Sheriff Fennel of Alachua county arrested four men at Newberry for running blind tigers. They were "found with the goods."

Notice of Election.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an ordinance of the Board of County Commissioners in and for Putnam County, Florida, an election shall be held in said county, on the day of August, A. D. 1905, an election will be held in Putnam County, Florida, on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1905.

With DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1905

To decide whether the sale of intoxicating liquors within beer shall be prohibited in said county. And the following named persons were by said Board appointed inspectors for said election, respectively to hold and conduct said election in the several precincts in said county, to-wit:

FOR DISTRICT NO. 1.
John H. Bakers, Joseph McGraw, John H. Bakers, inspectors, and G. W. Wescott, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 2.
Eugene Sanders, M. E. Anger, A. P. Gatto, inspectors, and H. C. Cooper, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 3.
H. H. Bard, E. D. Wright, Allen Williams, inspectors, and J. M. Bard, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 4.
S. J. Hogg, W. H. Kirkland, S. S. Green, inspectors, and H. H. Bryant, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 5.
W. F. Prior, W. F. Palmer, John Rafferty, inspectors, and J. H. Dusenberry, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 6.
W. A. Clegg, J. D. Facker, W. S. Middleton, inspectors, and W. H. Cook, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 7.
T. A. Baker, E. V. Phillips, E. D. Baker, inspectors, and J. F. Bennett, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 8.
Gabe Turner, M. Salana, W. F. Rogers, inspectors, and John A. Crosby, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 9.
Julius Hanna, Thomas Mahan, inspectors, and J. P. Roberts, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 10.
B. B. Dancy, Frank Tenny, George Wilkinson, inspectors, and J. H. Middleton, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 11.
H. A. Menden, W. C. Hargrove, H. F. Clark, inspectors, and Harry Carman, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 12.
N. O. Davis, L. C. Stephens, Benjamin I. Gay, inspectors, and S. S. Collins, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 13.
A. G. Phillips, J. S. Goss, Frank Wattle, inspectors, and A. C. LeHardy, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 14.
Robert James, J. D. Polite, James C. Ray, inspectors, and J. H. Middleton, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 15.
J. H. Fry, Arnold Canova, I. H. Hillard, inspectors, and Joseph Price, Jr., clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 16.
J. J. Wimbush, E. F. Lyon, Chas. Francis, inspectors, and William Miller, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 17.
W. A. Perry, A. S. Johnson, William B. Johnson, inspectors, and John Knight, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 18.
James Fennell, Lee Goodson, S. S. Jenkins, inspectors, and Will Price, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 19.
W. J. Green, A. M. Padgett, J. H. Timmons, inspectors, and W. P. Deal, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 20.
Morgan Robinson, Aaron Varnes, H. S. Mitton, inspectors, and E. B. Conway, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 21.
N. A. Messer, Williamson, W. Register, inspectors, and E. B. Conway, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 22.
L. J. Arnold, H. M. Moody, Robert Arant, inspectors, and H. H. Browning, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 23.
Tom Holden, Walter Strange, Charles Lavitt, inspectors, and Frank Hagan, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 24.
William Beal, John Beal, Robert Caras, inspectors, and J. H. Middleton, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 25.
S. L. Smith, H. L. Miller, R. Putty, inspectors, and A. Granger, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 26.
E. J. McElendon, J. M. Chesser, G. D. Motes, inspectors, and M. Kelly, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 27.
F. A. Lumpkin, T. F. Jennings, R. S. McIntire, inspectors, and H. H. Browning, clerk.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 28.
Official Seal. JOSEPH PRICE, Clerk Circuit Court Putnam County, Florida.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR

Tax Deed Under Section 8 of Chapter 4888, Laws of Florida.

Notice is hereby given that B. B. McLeod, purchaser of tax certificate No. 912, dated the 5th day of August, A. D. 1899, has filed said certificate in my office, and has made application for tax deed to issue in accordance with law.

Said certificate embraces the following described property situated in Putnam county, Florida, to-wit:

Nel of nw1 (except w1 of nel of nel) and nel of nw1, section 17, township 12, range 27—70 acres.

The said land being assessed at the date of the issue of such certificate in the name of Talmon Co. No. 932.

Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law, tax deed will issue thereon on the 16th day of September, A. D. 1905.

Witness my official signature and seal this 10th day of August, A. D. 1905.

(Seal) JOSEPH PRICE, Clerk Circuit Court Putnam Co. Florida.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR

Tax Deed Under Section 8 of Chapter 4888, Laws of Florida.

Notice is hereby given that B. B. McLeod, purchaser of tax certificate No. 885, dated the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1900, has filed said certificate in my office, and has made application for tax deed to issue in accordance with law.

Said certificate embraces the following described property situated in Putnam county, Florida, to-wit:

Nw1 of sw1, sw1 of sw1 and nw1 of sw1, section 16, township 12, range 27—32 1/2 acres.

Said land being assessed at the date of the issuance of such certificate in the name of Fla. Finance Co. Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law, tax deed will issue thereon on the 16th day of September, A. D. 1905.

Witness my official signature and seal this 8th day of August, A. D. 1905.

(Seal) JOSEPH PRICE, Clerk Circuit Court Putnam County, Florida.

Order for Publication.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, PUTNAM COUNTY, FLORIDA—

VS. CHAS. W. WHITE, et al.

John H. Gordon and William E. Baker, Foreclosure of Mortgage.

Chas. W. White, et al.

It appearing by affidavit appended to the above cause that Charles W. White, one of the defendants therein named, is a non-resident of the State of Florida, and is a resident of the City of New York, No. 11 Broadway, in the State of New York, over the age of twenty-one years, and that there is no service of a subpoena issued upon whom the court has deemed it best and most desirable that it is therefore ordered that said non-resident defendant be summoned to appear to answer to the Bill of Complaint filed in said cause on or before Monday, the 4th day of September, A. D. 1905, and that the allegations of said Bill will be taken as confessed by said defendant.

It is further ordered that this order be published once a week for a consecutive weeks in the Putnam News, a newspaper published in said county and state, and that said publication be made on or before the 1st day of August, 1905.

(Seal) JOSEPH PRICE, Clerk Circuit Court.

S. J. HILBERT, Solicitor for Complaignant.

Just at this season of the year all those who have not had an opportunity to go away for a short vacation are now thinking of the best points to go to and best and cheapest way to get there. As usual, the Atlantic Coast Line will operate their annual mountain and seashore excursion on August 16th. With their superior schedules and their train service in general and exceptionally low rates, this midsummer excursion will enable most anyone to visit the resorts in North Georgia, Tennessee and North Carolina. The rates to Norfolk are exceptionally low. There will be special train service over the Atlantic Coast Line in both directions between Jacksonville and Norfolk; through sleeping car service. For full information, reservation, sleeping car space and all information, please write or call on Frank C. Boylston, District Passenger Agent, 188 West Bay St., Jacksonville, Fla.